
COURT ORDER ENFORCEMENT ACT

CHAPTER 78

1 Section 29 (1) is repealed and the following substituted:

- (1) If a judgment has been given in a court in a reciprocating state, the judgment creditor may apply to have the judgment registered in the Supreme Court unless
- (a) the time for enforcement has expired in the reciprocating state, or
 - (b) 10 years have expired after the date the judgment became enforceable in the reciprocating state.
- (1.1) On application under subsection (1), the Supreme Court may order that the judgment be registered.

1992-37-12.

2 Section 76 (1) is repealed and the following substituted:

- (1) An appraiser must be paid at a prescribed rate for the time required to do the appraisal of goods claimed and must be paid for travel expenses as prescribed.
- (1.1) If the goods claimed are appraised at more than \$2 000, the fees of the appraiser must be levied out of the exempted goods.

1989-72-2.

3 The following section is added:

Power to make regulations

- 117** (1) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may make regulations referred to in section 41 of the *Interpretation Act*.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the Lieutenant Governor in Council may make regulations establishing the rate to be paid to an appraiser for the appraiser's time and travel expenses.

1989-72-3.

Commencement

- 4** Sections 1 to 3 come into force by regulation of the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

1989-72-28; 1992-37-16.