Form F86.1 (Rule 20-7)

	Court File No.:
	Court Registry:
	In the Supreme Court of British Columbia
Claiman	nt:
Respon	dent:
	LANGUAGE CHANGE AND CONFIRMATION — OFFICIAL LANGUAGES
	[Rule 21-1 of the Supreme Court Family Rules applies to all forms.]
Filed by	<i>f</i> :[party]
	[] Having made no previous choice, the[party] is choosing to file documents, give
	evidence, or make submissions in the [choose one of the following]:
	[] English language
	[] French language
	[] English language and French language (bilingual).
OR	
	[][<i>Party</i>] is changing their choice to file documents, give evidence, or make
	submissions in the English language, the French language or both official languages in
	these proceedings that was made in the following document filed on[date]
	[] Notice of joint family claim
	[] Notice of family claim
	[] Response to family claim
	[] Counterclaim
	[] Response to counterclaim
	[] Petition to the court
	[] Response to petition.
	[Party] is now choosing to file documents, give evidence, or make submissions in the
ı	[choose one of the following]:
	[] English language
	[] French language
	[] English language and French language (bilingual)

OR

[]	[Party] confirms that for the [conference/hearing/trial] scheduled for
	[date], they will give evidence or make submissions in the[indicate
	official language] language and if[name of other party] intends to proceed in the
	[other official language] language,[party] will need [select one]:
	[] consecutive interpretation services.
	Or
	[] simultaneous interpretation services.
in the other offic	arty: As a party to a divorce case, you can request interpretation services to understand what is said ial language at the court hearing. You may choose between consecutive interpretation or erpretation. If no selection is made, consecutive interpretation will be made available.
what they have to parties, witnesse the person and to Simultaneous in are speaking. Th	erpretation means that the interpreter will translate after the person speaking is done a part of a say. The person and the interpreter take turns speaking. This type of interpretation may allow as and legal advisors to better ensure the accuracy of the interpretation because they hear both what the interpreter are saying. But, it does take more time than simultaneous interpretation. Interpretation means that the interpreter will translate what is being said at the same time as you is type of interpretation is quicker but may be less accurate than consecutive interpretation because speaking at the same time as the person being interpreted.
For more informalinguistiques.htm	ation, please visit the Department of Justice website: https://www.justice.gc.ca/eng/fl-df/language-nl
Date	
	Signature of
	[] filing person [] lawyer for filing person
	[type or print name]